

Description

Chemical abbreviation according to ISO 1043-1: PBT Moulding compound ISO 7792- PBT, MGHR, 08-070N, GF20

Polybutylene terephthalate, 20 % glass fibre reinforced.

Flammability UL 94 HB minimum thickness 1.2 mm.

Recognition by Underwriters Laboratories, USA (UL)

Value	Unit	Test Standard	
1450	kg/m³	ISO 1183	
14	cm ³ /10min	ISO 1133	
250	°C	ISO 1133	
2.16	kg	ISO 1133	
0.15	%	ISO 62	
Value	Unit	Test Standard	
-	1450 14 250 2.16 0.15	1450 kg/m³ 14 cm³/10min 250 °C 2.16 kg 0.15 %	

Tensile modulus (1mm/min)	7400	MPa	ISO 527-2/1A
Tensile stress at break (5mm/min)	125	MPa	ISO 527-2/1A
Tensile strain at break (5mm/min)	3	%	ISO 527-2/1A
Tensile creep modulus (1h)	6200	MPa	ISO 899-1
Tensile creep modulus (1000h)	4800	MPa	ISO 899-1
Flexural strength (23°C)	170	MPa	ISO 178
Charpy impact strength @ 23°C	46	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy impact strength @ -30°C	43	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength @ 23°C	7.5	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength @ -30°C	7	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA

Thermal properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Melting temperature (10°C/min)	225	°C	ISO 11357-1,-2,-3
DTUL @ 1.8 MPa	195	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
DTUL @ 0.45 MPa	220	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
DTUL @ 8.0 MPa	100	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
Vicat softening temperature B50 (50°C/h 50N)	215	°C	ISO 306
Coeff.of linear therm. expansion (parallel)	0.35	E-4/°C	ISO 11359-2
Limiting oxygen index (LOI)	20	%	ISO 4589
Flammability @1.6mm nom. thickn.	HB	class	UL94
thickness tested (1.6)	1.49	mm	UL94
UL recognition (1.6)	UL	-	UL94
Flammability at thickness h	HB	class	UL94
thickness tested (h)	1.22	mm	UL94
UL recognition (h)	UL	-	UL94

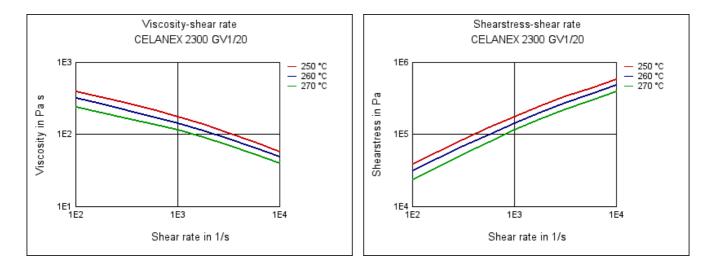
Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Relative permittivity - 100 Hz	4.2	-	IEC 60250
Relative permittivity - 1 MHz	4.1	-	IEC 60250
Dissipation factor - 100 Hz	16	E-4	IEC 60250
Dissipation factor - 1 MHz	190	E-4	IEC 60250



Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Volume resistivity	>1E13	Ohm*m	IEC 60093
Surface resistivity	>1E15	Ohm	IEC 60093
Electric strength	31	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Comparative tracking index CTI	350	-	IEC 60112
Test specimen production	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Processing conditions acc. ISO	7792	-	Internal
Injection molding melt temperature	265	°C	ISO 294
Injection molding mold temperature	80	°C	ISO 294
Injection molding flow front velocity	200	mm/s	ISO 294
Injection molding hold pressure	70	MPa	ISO 294
Rheological Calculation properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Density of melt	1230	kg/m³	Internal
Thermal conductivity of melt	0.156	W/(m K)	Internal
Specific heat capacity of melt	1840	J/(kg K)	Internal
Ejection temperature	220	°C	Internal

Viscosity-shear rate

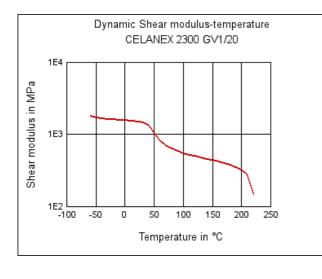
Shearstress-shear rate

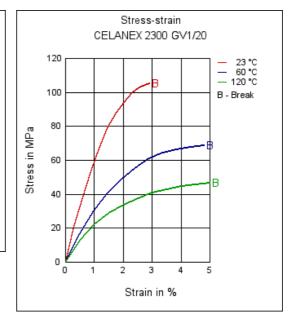




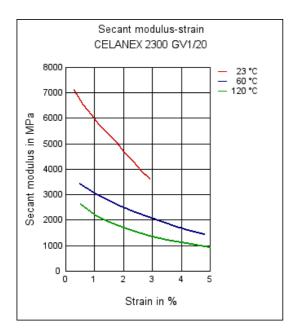
Dynamic Shear modulus-temperature

Stress-strain

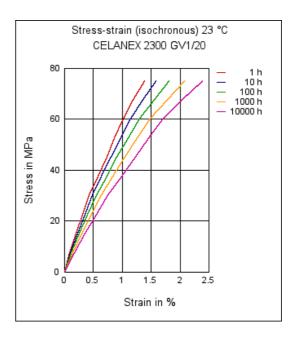




Secant modulus-strain

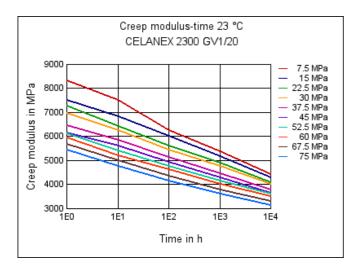


Stress-strain (isochronous)

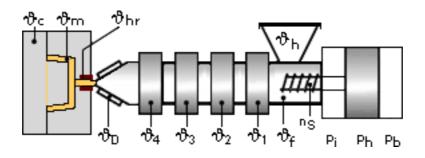




Creep modulus-time



Typical injection moulding processing conditions



Pre Drying:

Necessary low maximum residual moisture content: 0.02%

CELANEX should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be =< -30° C. The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.

For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed (<= 60 h) it is necessary to lower the temperature to 100° C.

Drying time: 2 - 4 h

Drying temperature: 120 - 140 °C

Temperature:

	* Manifold	^ϑ Mold	^ϑ Melt	[∜] Nozzle	[∜] Zone4	^v 7Zone3	[∜] Zone2	[∜] Zone1	^⁰ Feed	[∜] Hopper	
min (°C)	260	75	260	260	255	255	250	250	190	20	
max (°C)	270	100	270	270	265	265	260	260	200	50	



Speed:

Injection speed: fast

Screw speed					
Screw diameter (mm)	16	25	40	55	75
Screw speed (RPM)	-	90	75	60	-

Injection Molding

Melt Temperature			260-270	°C
Mold Temperature *)			75-85	°C
Maximum Barrel Residence Time	**)		5-10	min
Injection Speed			fast	
Peripheral screw speed			max.0,3	m/sec
Back Pressure			10-30	bar
Injection Pressure			600-1000	bar
Holding Pressure			400-800	bar
Nozzle Design	open	design	preferred	

Injection speed, injection pressure and holding pressure have to be optimized to the individual article geometry. To avoid material degradation during processing low back pressure and minimum screw speed have to be used. Overheating of the material has to be avoided. For grades containing flame retardants, a maximum temperature of 265 °C should not be exceeded.

Ticona recommends only externally heated hot runner systems.

*) For moulded parts with especially high requirements to the surface quality or dimensional stability, a mold temperature of up to 110 °C can be advantageous.

**) If the cylinder temperatures are higher than the recommended maximum temperatures, the max. residence time in the barrel has to be reduced.

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